Obsessive Compulsive Disorder: Infusing person-environment questions in studies of mental health

A collaboration between the University of Minnesota College of Design, the Medical School, and the College of Science and Engineering

T. Hadjiyanni, J. Robinson, A. Young, G. Bernstein







Hand washing video

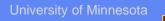






Obsessive Compulsive Disorder (OCD) is one of the world's top ten causes of disability based upon total lost pay and diminished quality of life.

World Health Organization, 2011







- Obsessions: recurrent, intrusive thoughts that cause marked distress or anxiety
- Compulsions: repetitive behaviors that the person feels driven to do in response to obsessions
- Spends at least 1 hr/day in obsessions/compulsions or shows functional impairment in daily life.
 DSM-5, 2013





Contamination / Cleaning

Ordering / Repeating

Hoarding

Forbidden Thoughts

Obsessions about germs and contamination, hand washing and cleaning compulsions

Checking, ordering, counting or repeating rituals

Need to retain objects and fear of throwing things away

Intrusive taboo thoughts about aggression, sexuality and religion.

Bernstein et al., 2013



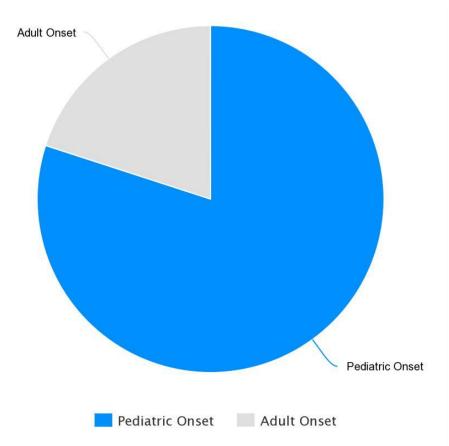


Prevalence of OCD

• About 2.3% of the U.S. population ages 18 to 54

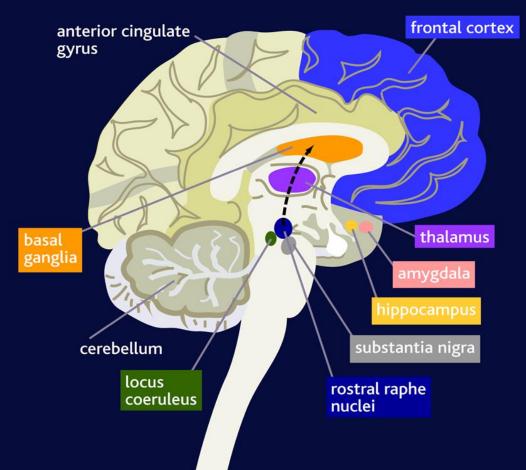
http://www.mhmrcv.org/poc/view_doc.php?type=doc&id=8877

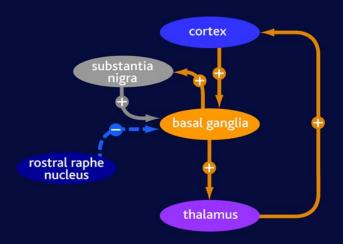
- 1-3% of children have OCD
- Up to 80% of all OCD cases may have a pediatric onset, although many children with OCD are unrecognized and undiagnosed.
- Many aspects of this illness remain enigmatic and the paths to more effective diagnosis and treatments remain obscure.





Expanding Understandings - Brain Circuitry of OCD





https://www.cnsforum.com/upload/imagebank/download/Neuro_biol_OCD_2.pr





National Science Foundation

Interdisciplinary Collaboration

College of Design

Tasoulla Hadjiyanni Julia Robinson

<u>RA</u> Hailey Wrasman Austin Young Medical School

Gail Bernstein Kathryn Cullen

<u>RA</u> Elizabeth Harris College of Computer Science and Engineering

Nikos Papanikolopoulos Vassilios Morellas

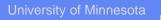
<u>RA</u> Joshua Fasching Nicholas Walczak



Better understand the role of the environment in mental and behavioral conditions

Develop knowledge that contributes to diagnosis and treatment







SUBCATEGORIES OF OCD Matrix of Environmental Contamination / Compulsions Factors and Behaviors in the Ordering/Repeating Home Forbidden Thoughts = Missing Information **Behavior** Environment MISC Avoiding lines or cracks/particular Flooring patterns or colors when walking over flooring. Entrances Going back and forth over thresholds repeatedly. 1 Doors Compulsively hecking locks to prevent break-Windows/Blinds in. 6 Lighting Switching on/off until Switch feels 'right''. 2 Level of brightness Closed space to protect from sunburn Natural Electrical Personal space of hygenics. 3 Laundry Clear of clutter, order Office (Home/Work) (Symmetry, Ordering & Arrangement). 4 Free of Scratches, Desk Dinas, Dents Personal Electronics (Symmetry, Ordering & Bedroom Arrangement). 4 Made, organized Bed/Bed Sheets/Pillows Closed(locked) Window/Blinds Door Closed (locked)

Bathtub/Shower Checking body to make Cabinetry Living Area Furniture (Couches/Chairs) Television Patterns that appear Patterns in walls dirty or taboo due to Patterns in floors (these can be for each room even) Countertop

Kitchen

Table Stove/Oven Sink Microwave

Bathroom

Toilet

Sink

Mirror

Colors

Diswasher **Small Appliances**

Other

Hoarding

High Spaces

Other people

Elevator (Small Spaces)

Clean (uncomfortable in dirty space). 5 turn handles off until it feels good. 5

sure appears healthy. 5

superstition are avoide

Organization of food/utensils/cleanlines

of "crumbs", 5

Irrational fear of harm: leads to avoidance

> Space/Territoriality Cleanliness/Germs

Personal

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Traveler's Innovation Lab

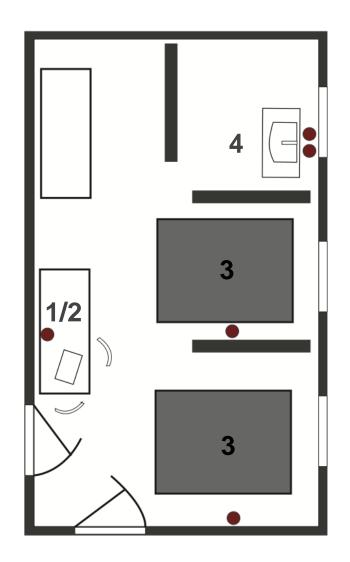


Northrop Memorial Auditorium



Pilot Study













Cameras





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Subject Recruitment: April 2014 - Dec 2014

Recruitment:

- Referrals from Psychiatrists
- Flyers in the Psychiatry Clinic and the community
- Craigslist

Incentives:

- Target gift card
- Parking pass



Protocol for Data Collection: April 2014 - Dec 2014

- Subjects arrive at the Traveler's Innovation Lab
- Informed parental consent and child assent obtained by Project Coordinator
 - Project Coordinator administers CY-BOCS
 - Parents & children complete self-report scales (COIS-R, MASC-II, BASC-2)

Subjects complete 4 tasks

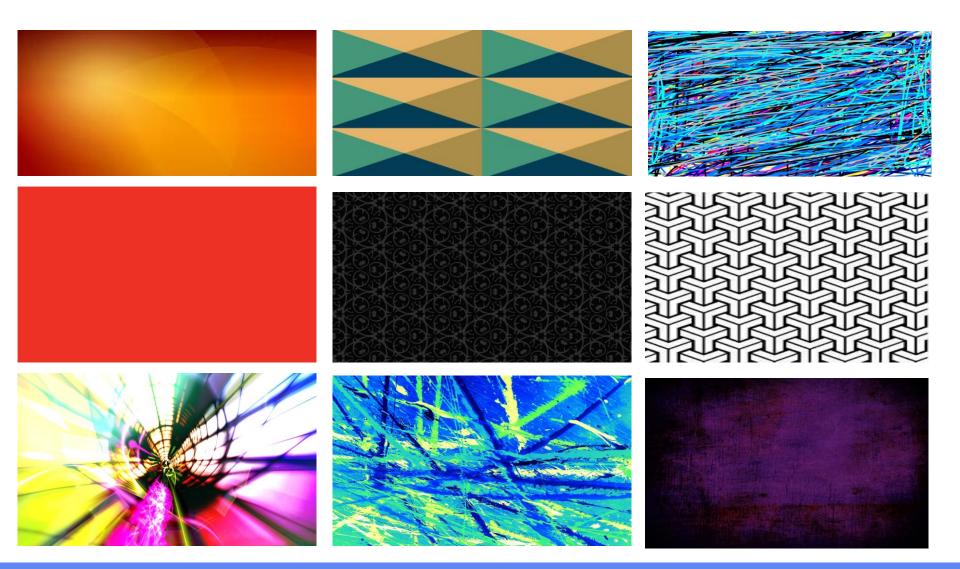
- □ Task 1: Preferences of Pattern Images
- Task 2: Free Arrangement
- Task 3: Arrangement in Contrasting Environments
- Task 4: Hand Washing

Subjects compensated with Target Gift Card



Preferences of Patterned Images

Task 1 From a series of 20 patterns, subjects record their preferences

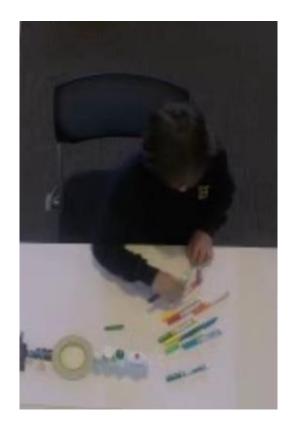


Task 2 Free Arrangement

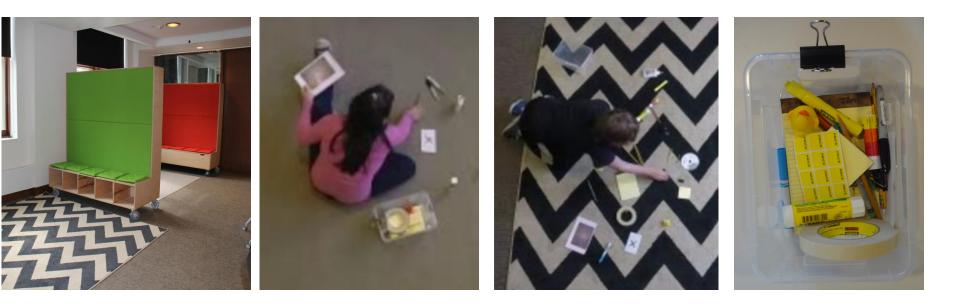
While seated on a desk, subjects are given materials that they are free to organize in any way they choose.







Task 3Arranging Objects in Contrasting EnvironmentsSubjects are asked to organize materials in two different
environments – one with a plain rug and one with a bold and
active pattern.

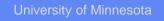




Task 4 Hand Washing

Subjects use a portable sink to wash and dry their hands.







Assessment Measures

Interview

Children's Yale-Brown Obsessive Compulsive Scale (CY-BOCS)

Severity of OCD and dimensions of OCD

Parent Scales

Obsessive Compulsive Impact Scale-Revised (COIS-R)

o Impact of OCD on daily living skills, school, social, and family activities

Behavioral Assessment System for Children- 2 (BASC-2)

Multiple clinical scales

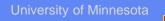
Child Scales

COIS-R

o Impact of OCD on school, social life, activities

Multidimensional Anxiety Scale for Children-2 (MASC-2)

o Anxiety subscales





Demographics & Severity Scores

	00D	Construct	
	OCD	Control	
	<u>(n=18)</u>	<u>(n=21)</u>	
Age at assessment, mean (SD)	11.5 (3.2)	10.7 (3.3)	
Gender, $n(\%)$			
Male	12 (66.7%)	12 (57.1%)	
Female	6 (33.3%)	9 (42.9%)	
Ethnicity, n(%) ^a			
White	14 (77.8%)	15 (71.4%)	
Hispanic	2 (11.1%)	1 (4.8%)	
Asian	2 (11/1%)	0 (0.0%)	
Black	0 (0.0%)	1 (4.8%)	
CY-BOCS Total, mean (SD)	21.8 (10.3)	0 (0.0)	
COIS-R Total, mean (SD) ^b			
Parent Version	29.9 (18.4)		
Child Version ^c	27.2 (23.7)		
On psychotropic med, $n(\%)$	14 (77.8%)	0 (0.0%)	
Receiving therapy, n (%)	11 (61.1%)	0 (0.0%)	
Family history of OCD, n (%)	4 (22.2%)	1 (4.8%)	

^a4 controls with missing data

^bCOIS-R not required for controls

^c 4 OCD with missing data



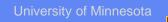
Process for Rating Videos

One independent evaluator from each of the three Colleges o College of Design, Psychiatry, and Computer Science & Engineering

Independent evaluators were blind to OCD vs. Control status

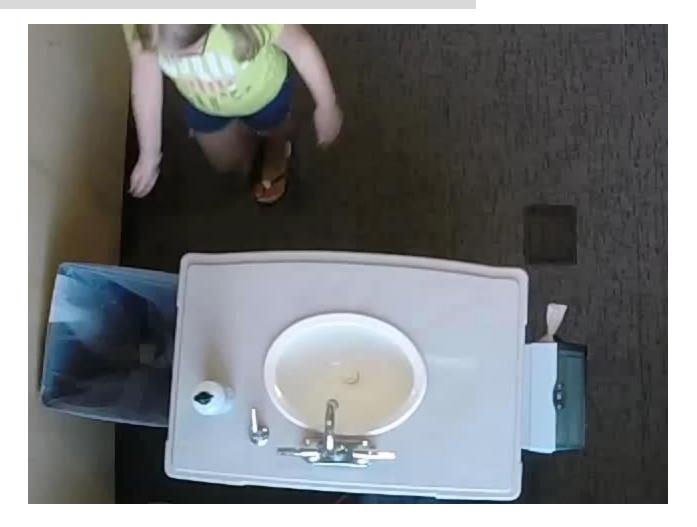
Consensus meetings
 Review videotapes with lack of agreement among raters

Calculation of Mean scores





Data Analysis for Task 4 - Hand Washing





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Ratings of Hand Washing Videos

<u>Time</u>

Total hand washing & drying process:

- Turn on water, turn off water, apply soap,
 rinse off soap, pick up towel, put down towel
- Washes to: Wrist, elbow, beyond

Soap used: Built in, not built in

- Number of pumps of soap
- o Washes individual fingers
- o Washes under fingernails

Type of towel available

o Paper towels, hand towel

Repeating behaviors

- Repeated scrubbing/wiping
- o Repeated towel-drying of hands
- o Repeated stepping up and down onto stool
- Repeated turning the faucet on and off

Avoidant behaviors

 Avoids touching faucet handles after washing/drying.

Symmetrical behaviors

- o Symmetrical approach to washing
- Symmetrical approach to drying

Hoarding/saving behaviors

 Subject shows or expresses difficulty throwing towels away

Ritualistic behaviors

- Ritualistic washing (noticeable particularity in way subject washes)
- Ritualistic drying (noticeable particularity or ritualized way subject dries)

SIGNIFICANT FINDING

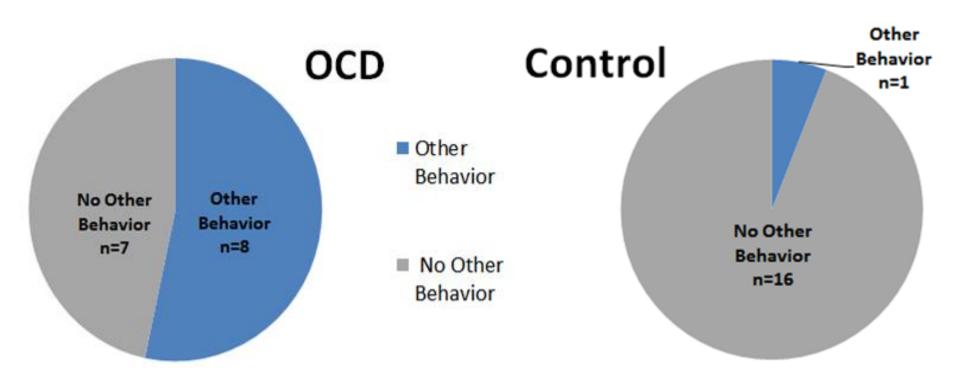
Other behaviors

- Subject exhibits other behaviors simultaneously with washing or drying
 - Touches, taps, or rubs objects and/or self while washing or drying
 - Shows excessive attention to the sink (cleans sink, plays with sink, etc.)



Behaviors Associated with Hand Washing

Children with OCD are more likely to exhibit other behaviors during hand washing p = .005





Other Behaviors

Touching/tapping Washing/drying the sink the sink **Drinking the Investigating the** water setup

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Duration of Hand Washing

OCD (n=15)

Mean: 45 <u>+</u> 27 seconds Range: 23 - 95 seconds Control (n=17)

Mean: 50 <u>+</u> 32 seconds Range: 12 - 76 seconds

No significant difference found between the two means



Greater OCD Severity Predicts Longer Time Hand Washing

Video Measure	OCD Measure	R, p
Hand Washing Total Time	CY-BOCS total	.539, .038
	Ordering/repeating dimension	.565, .028
	Forbidden thoughts dimension	.569, .027
	Child COIS-R total	.581, .047
	MASC obsessions and compulsions	.668, .017

Higher total score on CY-BOCS is associated with longer duration of hand washing

Higher scores on ordering/repeating and forbidden thoughts dimensions of CY-BOCS are associated with longer duration of hand washing

Higher total score on Child COIS-R is associated with longer duration of hand washing

Higher score on obsessions and compulsions scale of MASC is associated with longer duration of hand washing



Data Analysis for Task 3 - Free Arranging







Rating of Free Arrangement Videos

Ordering/arrangement behaviors

- o Duration of arrangement from start to finish
- Category/pattern of arrangement
- Symmetrical arrangement
- Subject straightens object/s
- Other ordering/arrangement behaviors

Repetitive behaviors

 Label the 5 objects moved the most, from most moved, to least moved and record the most moved materials

Total number of moves

- Total Movement (Rater 1)
- Total Movement (Rater 2)
- Total Movement (Rater 3)
- Average of Raters 1-3
- Standard Deviation of Raters 1-3
- Total number of moves on videos scored together
- FINAL number of moves (score from average ratings or those calculated together)

Behaviors involving others

- Subject seeks reassurance from someone in room (parent, researcher)
- Other behaviors involving others

<u>Artistry</u>

• Subject creates an artistic pattern

Other repetitive behaviors

- Subject starts over in arrangement
- o Number of times subject appears to start task over

Other behaviors

 Subject touches, taps, and/or rubs object(s) or self while arranging

SIGNIFICANT FINDING

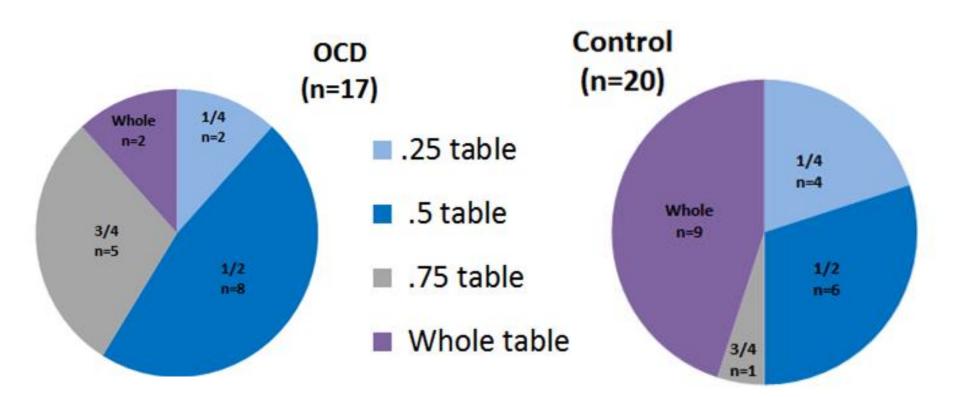
Space used for arrangement

- Whole table
- ¾ table
- ½ table
- 1/4 table



Space Used During Free Arrangement

OCD group used less space for arrangement than the control group p = .049





Free Arrangement – No significant difference found between means

Duration

OCD (n=17)

Mean: 193 <u>+</u> 208 seconds Range: 25 - 690 seconds Control (n=20)

Mean: 121 <u>+</u> 106 seconds Range: 33 - 435 seconds

Number of Moves

OCD (n=17)

Mean: 40.8 <u>+</u> 29.4 moves Range: 13.7 - 115 moves Control (n=20)

Mean: 33.2 <u>+</u> 12.4 moves Range: 21.7 - 79.3 moves



Findings – OCD group

Video measure	Clinical measure	R, p
Arrangement total time	MASC anxiety probability score	.565, .044
	CY-BOCS ordering/repeating dimension	.592, .012
Arrangement number of movements	CY-BOCS ordering/repeating dimension	.564, .014
	BASC hyperactivity	500, .046
	BASC aggression	549, .023
	BASC attention problems	539, .026
	BASC social skills	.579, .015

Higher anxiety is associated with longer time to arrange the objects.

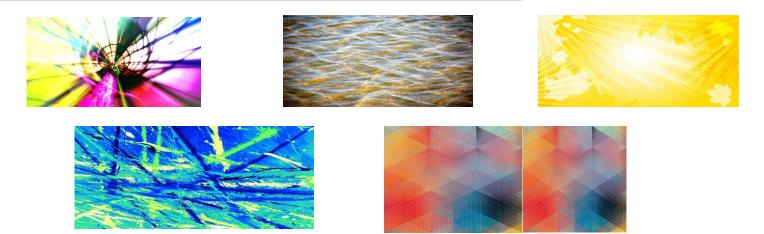
Higher scores on ordering/repeating dimension are associated with longer time to arrange the objects and more moves.

Increased hyperactivity, attention problems, and aggression are associated with fewer moves.

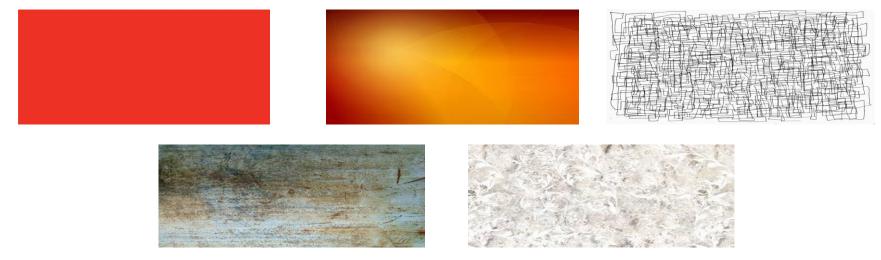
Better social skills are associated with fewer moves.



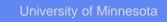
Most & Least Liked Patterns – All Subjects



Most Liked – dynamic, energetic, moving, colorful, and complex patterns



Least Liked - static, monotonous, monochromatic, and simplistic patterns



Research Purpose and Findings

Better understand the role of the environment in mental and behavioral conditions

- Certain environmental factors are found to be associated with OCD
 - Bathroom fixtures
 - Amount of space used
- Color and pattern appear to have similar effects across groups

Develop knowledge that contributes to diagnosis and treatment

- Treatment may incorporate body/space relationships
- Challenge approaches and assumptions about ability/disability and mental illness
- Focus should include both similarity and difference



Next Steps for Our Team

Analyzing data from Task 3

• Arranging task on two rugs

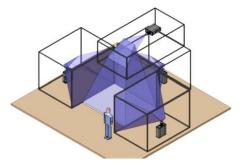
Examining findings for behavioral markers of OCD and development of Computer Assisted Virtual Environment (CAVE)

• Study of videos

Completing comparative study of OCD & Autism

- Identifying overlaps & gaps
- Identifying common environmental variables





Challenges

Finding a Space

- Space available for several months
- No interruption
- Space that could be modified
- Space acceptable for children

Controlling the Space - Traveler's Innovation Lab

- Problem of sharing the space
 - o Equipment
 - o Setup
- Subject protection

Subject Recruitment

- Time to identify subjects
- Need for controls
- Need to match subjects & controls on age/gender







Implications for Future Studies & E-B Research

Future Studies

- Lighting, acoustics
- Spatial layout
- Settings parks, civic buildings, commercial settings
- Other psychiatric conditions

Value of interdisciplinary team

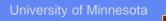
- Importance of videos
- Deep understanding of user group
- Role of environment to minimize disabilities

E-B Research on Behavioral Conditions

- Methodologies POE versus Experimental
- Subjects different disabilities
- Implications for research home vs school
- Assumptions of mental illness or disability

Forming a Network

- Sharing knowledge, experiences, case studies, POEs
- Interdisciplinary group / website





TRAVELERS INNOVATION LAB

THANK YOU

For more information please contact

thadjiya@umn.edu

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